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ISO 3915:1981 Plastics - Measurement of resistivity of conductive plastics

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Abbreviation

ISO 3915:1981

Valid from

01/11/1981

Information provider

International Organisation for Standardization

Author

International Organisation for Standardization

Information type

ISO Standard

Format

PDF

Cited By

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Description

Specifies the requirements for the laboratory testing of the resistivity of specially prepared specimens of plastics made conductive by the incorporation of carbon black. The test is suitable for materials having a resistivity of less than 104 Ohm x m. A stable d.c. current is passed between electrodes at the ends of a test piece. A schematic diagram of the test circuit is given. The voltage drop between the two potential electrodes, set on the test piece while the current flows, is measured with an electrometer. The resistance of the portion of the test piece between the potential electrodes

is independent of contact resistances.

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- [BS EN 13121-3:2008](#)

ISO 3915:1981 is cited by BS EN 13121-3:2008 GRP tanks and vessels for use above ground.
Design and workmanship

ISO 3915:1981 Plastics - Measurement of resistivity of conductive plastics

Description

Specifies the requirements for the laboratory testing of the resistivity of specially prepared specimens of plastics made conductive by the incorporation of carbon black. The test is suitable for materials having a resistivity of less than 10^4 Ohm x m. A stable d.c. current is passed between electrodes at the ends of a test piece. A schematic diagram of the test circuit is given. The voltage drop between the two potential electrodes, set on the test piece while the current flows, is measured with an electrometer. The resistance of the portion of the test piece between the potential electrodes is independent of contact resistances.

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Description

Specifies the requirements for the laboratory testing of the resistivity of specially prepared specimens of plastics made conductive by the incorporation of carbon black. The test is suitable for materials having a resistivity of less than $10^4 \text{ Ohm} \times \text{m}$. A stable d.c. current is passed between electrodes at the ends of a test piece. A schematic diagram of the test circuit is given. The voltage drop between the two potential electrodes, set on the test piece while the current flows, is measured with an electrometer. The resistance of the portion of the test piece between the potential electrodes is independent of contact resistances.

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